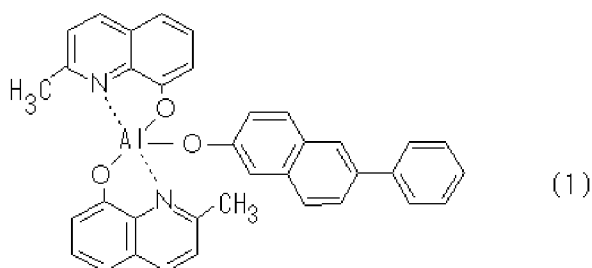


AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (original): An organic electroluminescence device comprising an anode; a hole transport layer comprising an organic compound; a light emitting layer having an organic compound; an electron transport layer having an organic compound; and a cathode which are stacked, characterized in that the light emitting layer includes an organic host material represented by the following structural formula (1):

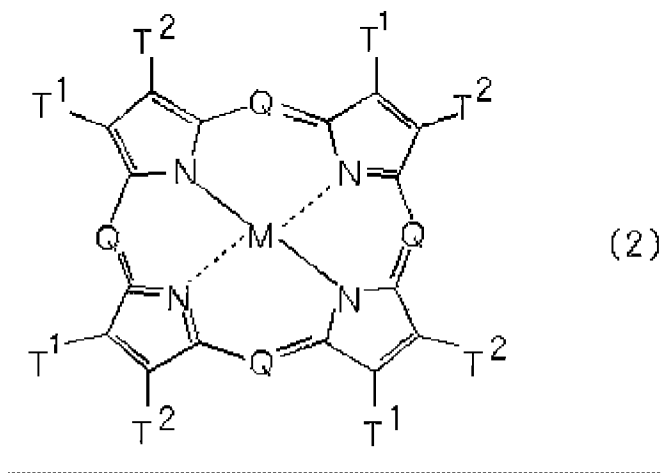
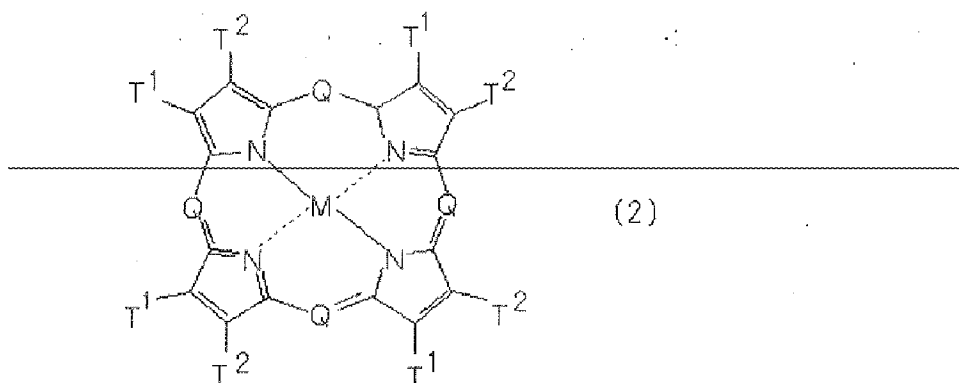


and a phosphorescent organic guest material.

2. (previously presented): An organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, wherein a hole injection layer is provided between the anode and the hole transport layer.

3. (original): An organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1 or claim 2, wherein an electron injection layer is provided between the cathode and the electron transport layer.

4. (currently amended): An organic electroluminescence device according claim 1, wherein the phosphorescent organic guest material comprises a porphyrin compound represented by the following structural formula (2):

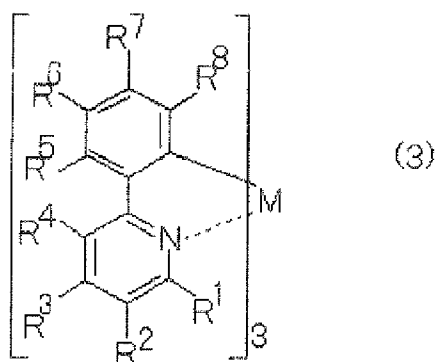


in the structural formula (2), Q represents -N= or -C(R)=, M represents a metal, a metal oxide, or a metal halide, R represents hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, aryl or alkaryl, or a halogenated

substituent thereof, ~~T~~-T¹ and ~~T~~-T² each represents hydrogen or alkyl, or jointly represent a completed unsaturated six-membered ring including a halogen substituent, the six-membered ring is formed of carbon, sulfur and nitrogen ring atoms, and the alkyl moiety contains 1 to 6 carbon atoms).

5. (original): An organic electroluminescence device according to claim 4, wherein M in the phosphorescent organic guest material is platinum.

6. (currently amended): An organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, wherein the phosphorescent organic guest material comprises a compound represented by the following structural formula (3):



(in the structural formula (3), M represents a metal, ~~R¹ to R⁸~~R¹ to R⁸ each independently includes a hydrogen atom, alkyl group, oxy group, amino group or a hydrocarbon group having at least one carbon atom in the substituent, the number of carbon atoms is 1 to 10 in each of the hydrocarbon moieties, further, ~~R¹ to R⁸~~R¹ to R⁸ can be selected independently from cyano, halogen, and ~~α-haloalkyl~~α-haloalkyl, ~~α-haloalkoxy~~α-haloalkoxy, amide, sulfonyl, carbonyl, carbonyloxy and oxycarbonyl substituents containing 10 or less carbon atoms, and further, R¹

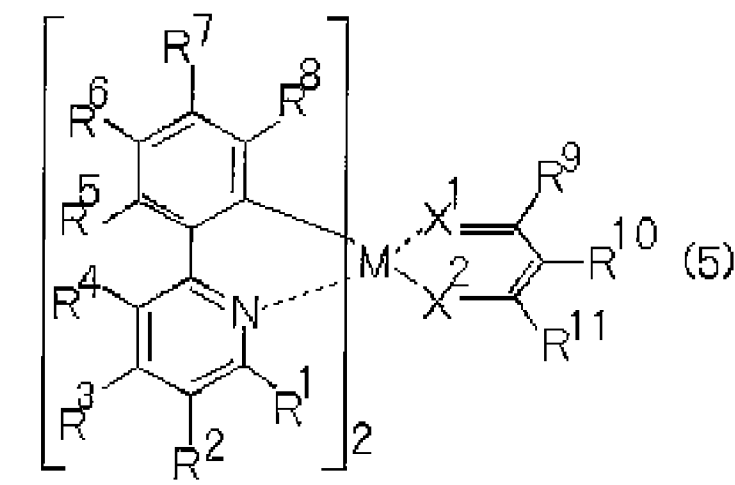
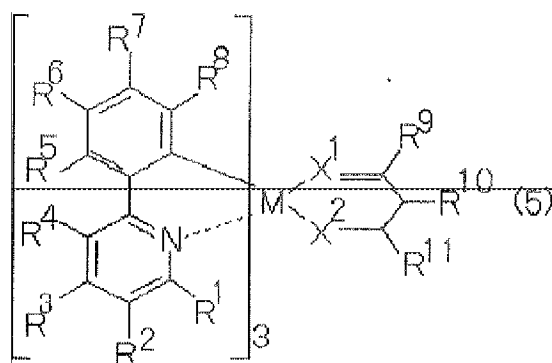
7. (original): An organic electroluminescence device according to claim 6, wherein M in the phosphorescent organic guest material is iridium.

(4)

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9. (original): An organic electroluminescence device according to claim 8, wherein M in the phosphorescent organic guest material is iridium.

10. (currently amended): An organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, wherein the phosphorescent organic guest material comprises a compound represented by the following structural formula (5):

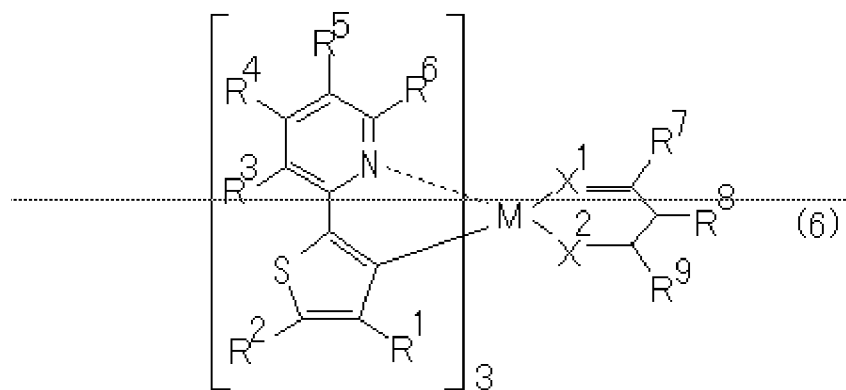


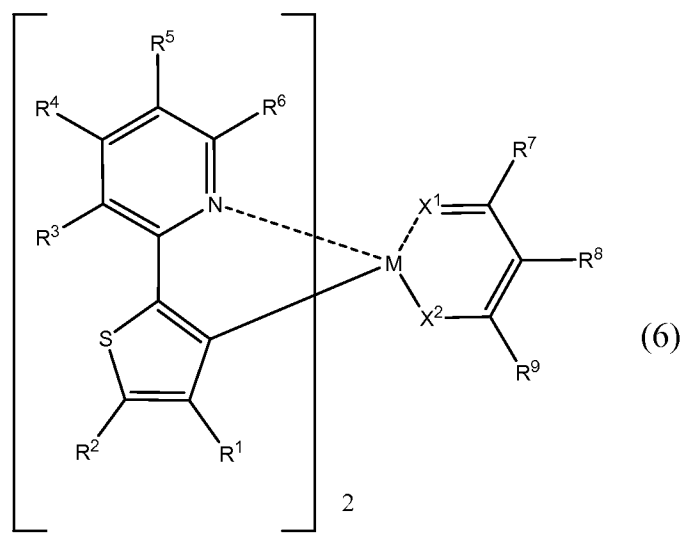
in the structural formula (5), M represents a metal, X¹ and X² each independently represents an oxygen atom or a sulfur atom, R¹ to R¹¹ each independently includes a hydrogen atom, alkyl group, oxy group, amino group, or a hydrocarbon group having at least one carbon atom in the substituent, the number of carbon atoms is 1 to 10 in each of the hydrocarbon moieties, further,

R^1 to R^{11} can be selected independently from cyano, halogen, and ~~α -haloalkyl, α -haloalkoxy~~, amide, sulfonyl, carbonyl, carbonyloxy and oxycarbonyl substituents containing 10 or less carbon atoms and, further, R^1 together with R^2 , R^2 together with R^3 , R^3 together with R^4 , ~~R^4 together with R^5~~ , R^5 together with R^6 , R^6 together with R^7 , R^7 together with R^8 , ~~or R^8 together with R^9~~ can form a condensed benzo ring}.

11. (original): An organic electroluminescence device according to claim 10, wherein M for the phosphorescent organic guest material is iridium.

12. (currently amended): An organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, where in phosphorescent organic guest material comprises a compound represented by the following structural formula (6):





in the structural formula (6), M represents a metal, X¹ and X² each independently represents an oxygen atom or a sulfur atom, R¹ to R⁹ each independently includes a hydrogen atom, alkyl group, oxy group, amino group or a hydrocarbon group having at least one carbon atom in the substituent, the number of carbon atoms is 1 to 10 in each of the hydrocarbon moieties, further, R¹ to R⁹ can be selected independently from cyano, halogen, and α -haloalkyl, α -haloalkoxy, amide, sulfonyl, carbonyl, carbonyloxy and oxycarbonyl substituents containing 10 or less of carbon atoms and, further, R¹ together with R², R³ together with R⁴, R⁵ together with R⁶, R⁷ together with R⁸, or R⁸ together with R⁹, ~~R⁹ together with R¹⁰, or R¹⁰ together with R¹¹~~ can form a condensed benzo ring.

13. (original): An organic electroluminescence device according to claim 12, wherein M in the phosphorescent organic guest material is iridium.

14. (currently amended): ~~A~~ An organic host material for an organic electric field phosphorescent light emitting device including a phosphorescent organic guest material

~~which~~ wherein the organic host material is a compound represented by the following structural material (1):

